

Erste Bank a.d. Novi Sad

Disclosure of data and information as of June, 30th 2013

GENERAL INFORMATION

ERSTE BANK A.D. NOVI SAD

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1. INTRODUCTION

Erste Bank a.d. Novi Sad (hereinafter referred as "the Bank"), member of Erste Bank Group (hereinafter referred as "the Group"), prepares Disclosure Report on data and information (hereinafter referred as "Disclosure Report") as of June, 30th 2013.

The Report fulfils the disclosure requirements according to article 51a of the Law on banks ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia", no. 107/2005 and 91/2010) and according to National Bank of Serbia Decision on Disclosure of Data and Information by Banks ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia", no. 45/2011).

Pursuant to the Decision on Disclosure of Data and Information by Banks, the Bank is obliged to disclose quantitative data as of 30 June.

The data and/or information published within the scope of the Disclosure Report are subject to an independent audit.

The Report is available at the Bank's website (http://www.erstebank.rs/rs/O_nama/Izvestaji).

The data in this Report are presented in Republic of Serbia Dinars ("RSD") currency and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (RSD '000), except when otherwise indicated.

2. REGULATORY CAPITAL

2.1. REGULATORY CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Bank complied with the articles of the National Bank of Serbia Decision on Capital Adequacy of Banks (Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia No. 46/2011, 6/2013) on calculating the regulatory capital.

Total eligible regulatory capital is the sum total of Core capital and Supplementary capital minus deductions.

As of June, 30th 2013, the Bank has the following regulatory capital structure:

	RSD '000
Qualifying capital	
Nominal value of paid-in shares, other than cumulative preference shares	10,040,000
Share premium	124,475
Reserves from profit	2,534,108
Retained earnings from previous years	573,970
Intangibles	-307,388
Regulatory compliance values - Unrealized losses on securities available for sale	-1,493
Regulatory compliance values - Required reserves for estimated losses on balance sheet assets and off-balance sheet items	-1,420,107
Core capital	11,543,565
Subordinated liabilities	2,182,307
Part of positive revaluation reserves	30,253
Supplementary capital	2,212,560
Required reserves for estimated losses on balance sheet assets and off-balance sheet items	-1,420,107
Excess qualified investment in non-financial sector entities	-3,866
Deductions from capital	-1,423,973
Of which: reduction of Core capital	711,987
Of which: reduction of Supplementary capital	711,987
Total core capital	10,831,578
Total supplementary capital	1,500,574
Total capital	12,332,152

Table 1: Regulatory capital structure

2.2. KEY FEATURES OF REGULATORY CAPITAL ITEMS

2.2.1. CORE CAPITAL

Share capital

As of 30 June 2012, nominal value of paid-in shares, other than cumulative preference shares, i.e. subscribed and paid-in share capital, of the Bank comprised 1,004,000 ordinary shares with a nominal value of RSD 10,000 each.

The major shareholder of the Bank is Erste Group Bank Ceps Holding GmbH, Vienna holding 74 % of the shares as of June, 30th 2013.

The shareholder structure of the Bank as of June, 30th 2013 is as follows:

Shareholder	Number of shares	In %
Erste Group Bank Ceps Holding GmbH, Vienna	742,960	74.0
Steiermärkische Bank und Sparkassen AG, Graz	261,040	26.0
Total	1,004,000	100.0

Table 2: Shareholders structure

Share premium

Share premium amounting to RSD 124,475 thousand as of June, 30th 2013 resulted from a positive difference between the selling price of the shares and their nominal value.

Reserves from profit

Reserves from profit amount to RSD 2,534,108 thousand as of June, 30th 2013. Reserves from profit amounted to RSD 1,843,171 thousand as of 31 December 2012 and were increased by RSD 690,937 thousand from the 2012 retained earnings, in accordance with the General Assembly's Decision dated March, 29th 2013.

Other

Retained earnings from previous years of RSD 573,970 thousand refer to actuary gain determined in accordance with IAS 19.

Intangible assets as of June, 30th 2013 were RSD 307,338 thousand.

Unrealized losses on securities available for sale amount to RSD 1,493 thousand.

Over the year 2013, the Bank treats 50% of required reserves for estimated losses as deductible item from core capital, therefore as of June, 30th 2013 amount of RSD 1,420,107 thousand from required reserves was deducted from core capital. See also chapter 2.2.3.

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2.2.2. SUPPLEMENTARY CAPITAL

Subordinated liabilities

Outstanding balance of subordinated liabilities, fulfilling criteria for inclusion in Supplementary capital, is as follows as of June, 30th 2013:

					RSD '000
Creditor	Loan Currency	Initially Contracted amount in currency	Maturity date	In %	Balance as of June, 30th 2013
EGB Ceps	EUR	10,800,000	20 Dec 2015	25.5	587,168
Erste GCIB	EUR	15,000,000	27 Dec 2021	74.5	1,712,572
Total		25,800,000		100.0	2,299,740

Table 3: Subordinated liabilities composition

The table below summarises amount of subordinated liabilities included in Supplementary capital as of June, 30th 2013:

	K3D 000
Creditor	Supplementary capital
Erste Group Bank Ceps Holding GmbH, Beč	469,735
Erste GCIB Finance, Amsterdam	1,712,572
Total	2,182,307

Table 4: Supplementary capital composition

Part of revaluation reserves

Revaluation reserves refer to securities quoted on the stock exchange and which are once a month aligned to the current market price. Based on these alignments, the Bank has realised positive revaluation reserves of RSD 30,253 thousand (after tax deduction).

2.2.3. DEDUCTIONS FROM CAPITAL

Items deductible from capital are deducted from Core and Supplementary capital in the manner that 50% is deducted from Core capital and 50% from Supplementary capital.

As of June, 30th 2013 the following items were items deductible from capital:

Required reserves for estimated losses

As of June, 30th 2013 required reserves for estimated losses on balance sheet assets and off-balance sheet items amounted to RSD 2,840,214 thousand. Over 2013, the Bank treats 75% of required reserves for estimated losses as deductible item from capital, therefore as of June, 30th 2013 amount of RSD 1,420,107 thousand from required reserves was deducted from capital.

Excess qualified investment

Excess qualified investment in non-financial sector entities amount to RSD 3,866 thousand as of June, 30th 2013 and were used as deductible item from capital.

3. CAPITAL ADEQUACY

3.1. REGULATORY CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Under Decision on Capital Adequacy of Banks, the full amount of the capital requirements is calculated and its relationship to the regulatory capital is established. The eligible regulatory capital must be available at least in the amount of the sum of minimum capital requirements.

The minimum capital requirements pursuant to the Decision on Capital Adequacy of Banks, i.e. capital adequacy ratio, of 12% were complied with at all times during the reporting period. As of June, 30th 2013 capital adequacy ratio amounted to 22.30%.

Based on the business activities of the Bank, the following minimum capital requirements result for credit risk, market risks (i.e. price risk on debt securities and foreign exchange risk) and operational risk.

3.1.1. CREDIT RISK

The table below shows an overview of total minimum capital requirements to cover credit risk as of June, 30th 2013. The credit risk capital requirement is broken down into exposure classes as follows:

	RSD '000
	Capital
Exposure class	requirement
Central Governments and Central Banks	-
Local Governments and Local Authorities	20,547
Public Administrative Bodies	2,552
Institutions	102,016
Corporates	3,374,119
Retail	1,650,943
Exposures secured by residential property	445,433
Past due exposures	108,056
Shares in Investment Funds	1,809
Other items	102,742
Total	5,808,218

Table 5: Capital requirements for credit risk per exposure class

3.1.2. MARKET RISKS

The table below gives an overview of the total minimum capital requirements to cover market risks broken down by risk type as of June, 30th 2013:

	RSD 1000
	Capital
Market risks	requirement
Capital requirement for price risk on debt securities	1,768
Capital requirement for foreign exchange risk	26,163
Total	27,931

Table 6: Capital requirement for market risks

3.1.3. OPERATIONAL RISK

For the calculation of regulatory capital requirements for operational risk the Bank uses Basic Indicator Approach (BIA).

As of June, 30th 2013, capital requirement for operational risk totalled RSD 800,205 thousand.

3.2. ADDITIONAL QUANTITATIVE DISLOSURES

3.2.1. CREDIT RISK

Bank's gross credit risk exposure after accounting write-offs and excluding adjustment for credit risk mitigation techniques, per exposure class as of June, 30th 2013 is shown in the table below:

RSD '000 **Average Exposure** In % **Exposure Exposure class** Central Governments and Central Banks 19,166,560 15.1 21,728,593 Local Governments and Local Authorities 399,615 0.3 351,311 **Public Administrative Bodies** 21,714 0.0 22,225 Institutions 19,119,315 15.1 16,782,305 Corporates 39,252,535 31.0 40,864,694 Retail 23,754,303 18.7 23,376,463 Exposures secured by residential property 7,730,454 6.1 8,046,706 Past due exposures 10,008,863 7.9 9,573,510 Shares in Investment Funds 15,868 0.0 15,868 Other items 7,277,036 5.7 7,535,344 **Total** 126,746,263 100.0 128,297,021

Table 7: Gross exposure after accounting write-offs by exposure class

The following table gives comprehensive breakdown of Gross credit risk exposure into groups of materially significant geographical areas.

RSD '0000

Geographic area Exposure Exposure class Serbia Central Governments and Central Banks 19,166,560 Local Governments and Local Authorities 399,615 **Public Administrative Bodies** 21,714 Institutions 5,437,422 Corporates 39,200,753 Retail 23,626,208 Exposures secured by residential property 7,718,644 Past due exposures 10,008,643 Shares in Investment Funds 15,868 Other items 7,277,036 Total 112,872,462 Austria Institutions 8,982,951 304 Corporates Retail 1 8,983,255 Total Other Countries Institutions 4,698,943 Corporates 51,478 Retail 128,095 Exposures secured by residential property 11,810 Past due exposures 219.9822 Total 4,890,546 **Total** 126,746,263

Table 8: Gross Exposure by materially significant geographic areas and per exposure class

Table below gives a breakdown of Gross credit risk exposure by sector¹ and exposure class with focus on exposures for which loan loss provision was made, as well as a comprehensive preview of Past due Exposure class.

RSD '000

Exposure class	Sector	Exposure	Exposures with loan loss provisions	Loan loss provisions
Central Governments and	Domestic fin. institutions	10,449,613	0	C
Central Banks	Public sector	8,716,947	0	O
	Total	19,166,560	0	0
Local Governments and Local Authorities	Public sector	399,615	399,613	5,548
	Total	399,615	399,613	5,548
Public Administrative Bodies	Public sector	21,714	13,962	296
	Total	21,714	13,962	296
Institutions	Domestic fin. institutions	5,437,422	589,110	14,867
	Foreign entities	13,681,894	3,306,407	22,502
	Total	19,119,315	3,895,517	37,369
Corporates	Domestic fin. institutions	929,564	325,514	21,096
	Public companies	4,783,296	185,186	2,391
	Other domestic companies	33,068,300	32,073,529	763,525
	Entrepreneurs	239,448	239,442	5,870
	Foreign entities	51,782	28,159	200
	Agricultural producers	33,045	18,134	545
	Other counterparties	147,099	132,029	130,696
	Total	39,252,535	33,001,993	924,323
Retail	Public companies	28,130	28,127	587
	Other domestic companies	2,888,981	2,757,582	80,523
	Entrepreneurs	689,418	659,997	25,048
	Private individuals	19,786,782	16,639,062	527,303
	Foreign entities	32,288	16,267	16,243
	Agricultural producers	328,688	253,846	8,155
	Other counterparties	17	17	17
	Total	23,754,303	20,354,897	657,878
Exposures secured by	Domestic fin. institutions	826	826	24
residential property		1,308,091		
condendar property	Other domestic companies		963,532	41,994
	Entrepreneurs Delivate individuals	100,766	78,718	2,937
	Private individuals	6,260,472	4,352,665	67,369
	Agricultural producers	60,298	46,114	1,615
Dagt due experience	Total	7,730,454	5,441,856	113,939
Past due exposures	Domestic fin. institutions	200,065	162,734	74,554
	Other domestic companies	4,205,208	3,465,238	2,202,471
	Entrepreneurs	197,707	149,749	91,711
	Private individuals	1,807,660	1,235,398	1,016,299
	Agricultural producers	251,156	187,946	116,007
	Other counterparties	3,347,067	2,649,691	2,175,328
Charas in Investment Fund-	Total	10,008,863	7,850,755	5,676,369
Shares in Investment Funds	Domestic fin. institutions	15,868	15,868	793
Oth ou itama	Total	15,868	15,868	793
Other items	Domestic fin. institutions	7,176,117	780,129	81,531
	Other counterparties	100,918	95,040	4,096
	Total	7,277,036	875,170	85,627 7,502,142

Table 9: Gross Exposure by sector and exposure class with focus on exposures for which loan loss provision was made

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¹ As defined in NBS instruction for collection and delivery of balances and account structure of loans, assets and liabilities of banks.

Break down of Gross credit risk exposure into maturity buckets according to final loan maturity is shown below.

RSD '000

	Exposure			
	<1	1-3	>3	
Exposure class	years	years	years	Total
Central Governments and Central Banks	13,588,370	5,578,190	-	19,166,560
Local Governments and Local Authorities	26,686	28,521	344,408	399,615
Public Administrative Bodies	21,714	-	-	21,714
Institutions	18,563,690	625	555,000	19,119,315
Corporates	17,953,216	8,672,748	12,626,572	39,252,535
Retail	6,319,616	4,926,408	12,508,279	23,754,303
Exposures secured by residential property	317,004	354,248	7,059,201	7,730,454
Past due exposures	7,398,685	1,387,661	1,222,518	10,008,863
Shares in Investment Funds	15,868	-	-	15,868
Other items	7,219,802	20,451	36,783	7,277,036
Total	71,424,652	20,968,852	34,352,760	126,746,263

Table 10: Gross Exposure according to remaining maturity and principal exposure class

The table below shows changes in the amount of balance sheet impairment and probable losses on off balance sheet assets (i.e. loan loss provisioning):

	RSD '000
Loan loss provision	
Provisions as of 01 January 2013	6,929,334
Provisions allocation over the year	3,661,232
Provisions release over the year	-3,084,681
Provisions write off over the year	-13,501
Other	9,758
Provisions as of June, 30th 2013	7,502,142

Table 11: Loan loss provision movement

As of June, 30th 2013, reserve for estimated losses and required reserve for estimated losses, calculated in accordance with National Bank of Serbia Decision on Classification of Bank Balance Sheet Assets and Off-balance Sheet Items, per counterparty type, amounted to²:

RSD '000 **Category of classification** D D **Total Counterparty type** Α G 96461 1,705,183 Domestic fin. ins. 753,324 194,466 576,719 84,213 4,793,727 Public companies 4,590,587 136,651 66,489 9,020,277 1,074,519 2,913,938 40,357,537 Other companies 24,216,286 3,132,517 Entrepreneurs 815,527 129,726 41,068 44,725 140,864 1,171,910 Public sector 244745 407,321 162,576 Private individuals 21,556,733 511,521 166,037 506,956 1,512,970 24,254,217 Foreign entities 2,250,216 1,396,918 0 33,726 3,680,860 Agricultural producers 306,862 23,443 517,764 7,952 23,683 155,824 Other counterparties 38,081 36,918 338,994 2,452,696 2,882,664 15975 **Total** 54,772,361 11,597,005 1,964,250 3,924,757 7,512,810 79,771,183 **Reserve for estimated** 0 217,859 274,775 1,158,588 7,508,329 9,159,551 losses **Provisions** 810,627 246,220 100,965 914,581 5,429,453 7,501,846 **Required reserve for** 0 48,014 191,030 521,437 2,840,214 2,079,733 estimated losses

Table 12: Exposure by NBS classification category

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² Exposure presented in the table differs from Exposure for RWA purposes as different principles are applied for the calculation of classification basis calculated in accordance with NBS Decision on classification of balance sheet assets and off-balance sheet items and RWA basis calculated in accordance with NBS Decision on capital adequacy by banks.

3.2.2. CREDIT RISK MITIGATION

Quantitative Disclosures

The table below presents net exposure before and after the use of credit protection, i.e. adjustment for effects of Credit Risk Mitigation (CRM) techniques, for every level of credit quality.

RSD '000 **Risk** Net **Exposure** weight band after CRM **Exposure class Exposure** Central Governments and Central Banks 0% 19,166,560 23,733,420 50% Local Governments and Local Authorities 393,618 393,618 **Public Administrative Bodies** 100% 21,264 21,264 Institutions 20% 18,183,652 18,183,652 50% 555,022 555,022 247,891 247,891 100% Corporates 100% 37,451,879 32,293,123 Exposures secured by residential property 75% 22,114,751 22,336,723 100% 308,259 308,339 Retail 35% 5,832,293 5,832,293 100% 1,676,618 1,676,618 Past due exposures 100% 2,968,461 2,969,798 150% 58,112 58,112 Shares in Investment Funds 100% 15,074 15,074 Other items 0% 5,871,958 5,871,958 20% 13,257 13,257 100% 1,301,857 1,296,034 Total 116,403,915 115,582,808

Table 13: Net exposure before and after Credit Risk Mitigation per exposure class

Gross exposure per exposure class is secured by the following amount of collateral type recognised as credit risk mitigation as of June, 30th 2013:

RSD '000 **Exposure class Net Exposure Guarantees*** Cash deposit Central Governments and Central Banks 19,166,560 Local Governments and Local Authorities 393,618 **Public Administrative Bodies** 21,264 Institutions 18,986,565 Shares in Investment Funds 15,074 Corporates 37,451,879 4,566,860 591,896 22,645,062 222,052 Exposures secured by residential property 7,508,911 Past due exposures 1,337 3,027,909 Other items 7,187,072 5,823 **Total** 116,403,915 4,566,860 821,107

Table 14: Net exposure and CRM by type of CRM instrument

^{*}Total amount of CRM acceptable guarantees refers to a State provided guarantee, resulting into substitution of exposure between Asset classes Corporates and Central Governments and Central Banks.

3.3. COUNTER PARTY RISK

As of June, 30th 2013 the Bank's exposure to counterparty credit risk resulted from financial derivatives (contracts on foreign currencies) and repo transactions:

RSD '000

Exposure to counter party risk per transaction type	Exposure amount
financial derivatives	11,239
repo transactions	3,003,588
Total	3,014,827

Table 15: Exposure to counter party risk

Specifically for repo transactions booked by the Bank as of June, 30th 2013, the other party is the National Bank of Serbia, whereas the collateral is not used as a means of eligible credit protection, as the issuer of the collateral is the same as the other party.

Novi Sad, September, 24th 2013

Approved by the Executive Committee of Erste Bank a.d., Novi Sad.